

**Adult's Social Care Quarter 3 Performance Report** 

Quarter 3 2018/19

**Adults and Housing Scrutiny** 

#### MANAGING DEMAND

ASC 019 - Percentage of people who have no ongoing care needs following completion of provision of a reablement package

DEFINITION

REDUCE THE NEED: ASC 019 – Percentage of people who have no ongoing care needs following completion of provision of a reablement package (Bigger is better) Numerator: Of those in the denominator, those who have had a completed reablement review with outcomes of 'No Services Provided or Identified, Long Term Support Ended, Universal Services/Signposted'

Denominator: The total number of clients completing a reablement package during the period

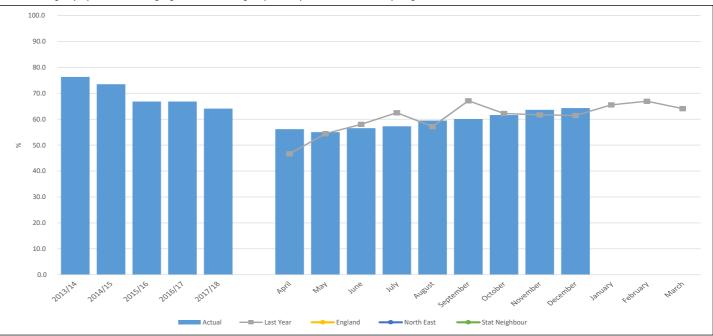
Since April the percentage of clients who have completed a reablement package with an outcome of 'No Service Provided or Identified, Long Term Support Ended or Universal Services/Signposted is 64%. In terms of actual numbers out of the 493 clients who have completed a reablement package 318 had no ongoing care needs.

#### ASC 019

Percentage of people who have no ongoing care needs following completion of provision of a reablement package.

щ	Apr-18	56.2
	May-18	55.0
ANG	Jun-18	56.5
, W	Jul-18	57.3
ᅙ	Aug-18	59.5
ER	Sep-18	60.1
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Oct-18	61.6
NO NO	Nov-18	63.6
Σ	Dec-18	64.3
_	Jan-19	
	Feb-19	
	Mar-19	
	2015/16	66.8
na l	2016/17	66.8
Annual Trend	2017/18	64.1
	2018/19 YTD	64.3

ASC 019: Percentage of people who have no ongoing care needs following completion of provision of a reablement package.



ASC 045 - Proportion of adults with a learning disability who live in their own home or with their family

DEFINITIO

QUALITY OF LIFE: ASC 045 (ASCOF 1G) – Proportion of adults with a learning disability who live in their own home or with their family (Bigger is better)

Numerator: All people within the denominator who are "living on their own or with their family." Source: SALT

**Denominator:** Number of working-age learning-disabled clients known to CASSRs during the period. This includes clients who received long term support during the year and with a primary support reason of learning disability support. All support settings should be included (i.e. residential, nursing and community settings)

### Breakdown of the type of settled accommodation

Settled mainstream housing with family/friends	72
Supported accommodation /supported lodgings	52
Tenants-LA/ Housing Association	20
Sheltered Housing/Extra care sheltered housing	7
Tenants - Private Landlord	<5
Shared Lives Scheme	<5

The table below shows that if the target of 90% is to be achieved then 104 adults with learning disabilities need to have had their accommodation status updated by the end of the year.		
Total number of adults with learning disabilities recorded as being in settled accommodation	267	
Number of accommodation statuses which need to be updated to achieve the 90%	255	
Number of settled accommodation captured since April 2018	151	
Number of settled accommodation statuses still to be captured	116	

### ASC 045 - Proportion of adults with a learning disability who live in their own home or with their family

DEFINITIO

QUALITY OF LIFE: ASC 045 (ASCOF 1G) - Proportion of adults with a learning disability who live in their own home or with their family (Bigger is better)

Numerator: All people within the denominator who are "living on their own or with their family." Source: SALT

**Denominator:** Number of working-age learning-disabled clients known to CASSRs during the period. This includes clients who received long term support during the year and with a primary support reason of learning disability support. All support settings should be included (i.e. residential, nursing and community settings)

In terms of actual figures out of the 284 working aged clients who have a learning disability and receiving long term support 267 are recorded as being in settled accommodation. Since April 151 clients accommodation statuses were captured as either living in their own home or with family. Therefore the proportion of adults with a learning disability living in settled accommodation where the information has been captured since April is 53.2%.

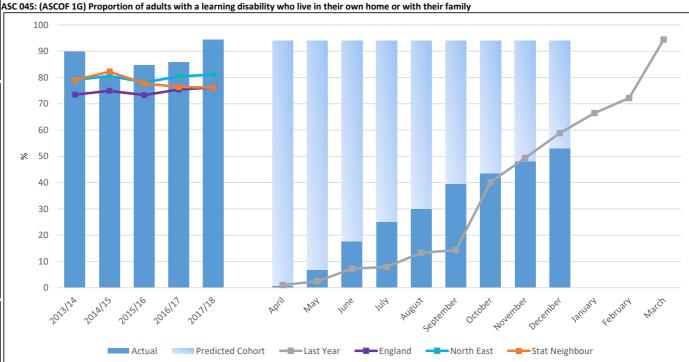
There are a remaining 116 adults who are currently living in settled accommodation who still need to have their accommodation statuses captured by the end of the year. If all these are updated by the end of the year then performance for this indicator will be 94% surpassing the set target of 90%.

This is highlighted in the graph below.

ASC 045

(ASCOF 1G) Proportion of adults with a learning disability who live in their own home or with their family

	Target	90.0
	Apr-18	0.7
щ	May-18	6.9
ANG	Jun-18	17.7
RM/	Jul-18	25.2
PERFORMANCE	Aug-18	30.0
PER	Sep-18	39.5
	Oct-18	43.7
ІN МОМТН	Nov-18	48.1
2 Z	Dec-18	53.2
	Jan-19	
	Feb-19	
	Mar-19	
	2015/16	84.8
nd	2016/17	85.8
Annual Trend	2017/18	94.4
	2018/19 YTD	53.2



### ASC 046 - Proportion of adults with learning disabilities in paid employment

#### DEFINITION

QUALITY OF LIFE: ASC 046 (ASCOF 1E) Proportion of adults with learning disabilities in paid employment. (Bigger is better)

Numerator: All people within the denominator, who are in employment. Source: SALT

Denominator: Number of working-age learning-disabled clients known to CASSRs during the period. This includes clients who received long term support during the year and with a primary support reason of learning disability support. All support settings should be included (i.e. residential, nursing and community settings)

The table below shows that if the target of 6% is to be achieved then 6 adults with learning disabilities need to have had their employment statuses updated by the end of the year.

end of the year.	
Total number of adults with learning disabilities recorded as being in paid employment	18
Number of employment statuses which need to be updated to achieve the 6%	16
Number of employment statuses captured since April 2018	10
Number of settled accommodation statuses still to be captured	8

ASC 046 - Proportion of adults with learning disabilities in paid employment

DEFINITION

QUALITY OF LIFE: ASC 046 (ASCOF 1E) Proportion of adults with learning disabilities in paid employment. (Bigger is better)

Numerator: All people within the denominator, who are in employment. Source: SALT

Denominator: Number of working-age learning-disabled clients known to CASSRs during the period. This includes clients who received long term support during the year and with a primary support reason of learning disability support. All support settings should be included (i.e. residential, nursing and community settings)

In terms of actual figures out of the 284 working aged clients who have a learning disability and receiving long term support 18 are recorded as being in paid employment. Since April 10 clients accommodation statuses were captured as being in paid employment. Therefore the proportion of adults with a learning disability living in paid employment where the information has been captured since April is 3.5%.

There are a remaining 8 adults who are currently recorded as being in paid employment who still need to have their employment statuses captured by the end of the year. If all these are updated by the end of the year then performance for this inidcator will have achieved the 6% target. This will be a 1% increase in performance since the end of 2017/18.

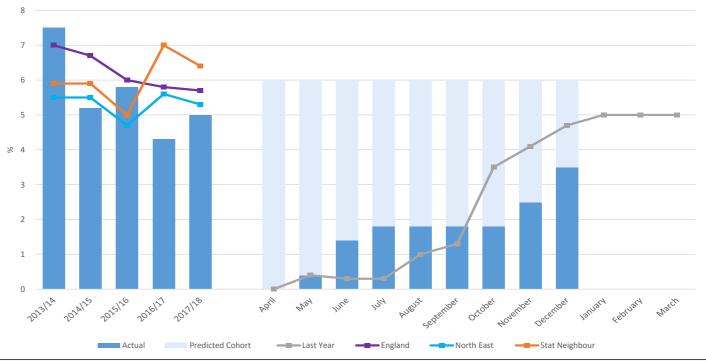
This is highlighted in the graph below.

#### ASC 046

(ASCOF 1E) Proportion of adults with learning disabilities in paid employment.

	raiget	8.8
ш	Apr-18	0.0
	May-18	0.4
ANG	Jun-18	1.4
Ã.	Jul-18	1.8
90	Aug-18	1.8
PER	Sep-18	1.8
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Oct-18	1.8
NO.	Nov-18	2.5
2 Z	Dec-18	3.5
=	Jan-19	
	Feb-19	
	Mar-19	
	2015/16	5.8
ual	2016/17	4.3
Annual Trend	2017/18	5.0
	2018/19 YTD	3.5

### ASC 046: (ASCOF 1E) Proportion of adults with learning disabilities in paid employment.



ASC 049 - Proportion of people using social care who receive self-directed support

DEFINITION

QUALITY OF LIFE: ASC 049 (ASCOF 1C (1a)) - Proportion of people using social care who receive self-directed support (Bigger is better)

Numerator: The number of users receiving either a) Direct Payment, b) Part Direct Payment or c) CASSR managed Personal Budget at the year-end 31st March: SALT

Denominator: Clients (aged 18 or over) accessing long term community support at the year end 31st March: SALT

Since April the proportion of clients using social care who receive self-directed support has remained at the target figure of 98%. In terms of actual numbers this equates to 768 individuals receiving self-directed support. The chart shows that since July 2017 the performance for this indicator has remained at 98%.

There are 17 clients who are not currently receiving self-directed support. Personal budgets are only generated if 'Yes' is answered in response to the Resource Allocation System (RAS) question.

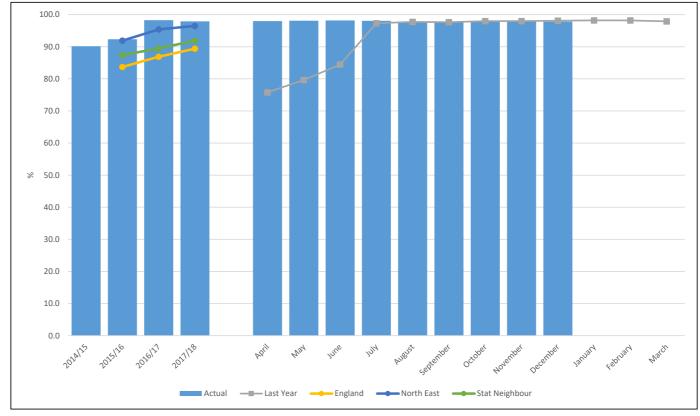
When compared to the most recent data from the average England (85%), North East (96%) and Statistical Neighbours (92%) figures, Darlington continues to perform highest.

#### ASC 049

(ASCOF 1C (1a)) Proportion of people using social care who receive self-directed support

	Target	98.0
	Apr-18	98.0
щ	May-18	98.1
ANG	Jun-18	98.2
PERFORMANCE	Jul-18	98.1
E	Aug-18	97.9
PER	Sep-18	97.9
핕	Oct-18	98.0
ІМ МОМТН	Nov-18	98.2
≥ Z	Dec-18	97.8
	Jan-19	
	Feb-19	
	Mar-19	
	2015/16	92.4
ual	2016/17	98.3
Annual Trend	2017/18	97.9
	2018/19 YTD	97.8

#### ASC 049: (ASCOF 1C (1a)) Proportion of people using social care who receive self-directed support



# ASC 049 - Proportion of people using social care who receive self-directed support

**DEFINITION** 

QUALITY OF LIFE: ASC 049 (ASCOF 1C (1a)) – Proportion of people using social care who receive self-directed support (Bigger is better)

Numerator: The number of users receiving either a) Direct Payment, b) Part Direct Payment or c) CASSR managed Personal Budget at the year-end 31st

March: SALT

Denominator: Clients (aged 18 or over) accessing long term community support at the year end 31st March: SALT

#### 18-64

Type of self directed support	
Direct Payments	186
CASSR Managed Personal Budget	154
Part Direct Payments	73
Total	413

#### **Primary Support Reason** 252 Learning Disability Support 110 Physical Support - Personal Care Support Mental Health Support 31 Social Support - Support for Social isolation / other Physical Support - Access and Mobility Only 9 <5 Support with memory and cognition Social Support - Support misuse support <5 <5 Sensory Support - support for hearing impairment <5 Sensory Support - support for dual impairment Sensory Support - Support for Visual Impairment Total

#### 65+

Type of self directed support		
CASSR Managed Personal Budget	282	
Direct Payments	63	
Part Direct Payments	10	
Total	355	

Primary Support Reason		
Physical Support - Personal Care Support		
Support with memory and cognition	43	
Learning Disability Support	30	
Mental Health Support	19	
Physical Support - Access and Mobility Only	17	
Social Support - Support for Social isolation / other	7	
Sensory Support - Support for Visual Impairment	<5	
Sensory Support - support for hearing impairment	<5	
Sensory Support - support for dual impairment	<5	
Social Support - Support misuse support	0	
Total		

### ASC 050 - Proportion of carers using social care who receive self-directed support

DEFINITION

QUALITY OF LIFE: ASC 050 (ASCOF 1C (1b)) – Proportion of carers using social care who receive self-directed support (Bigger is better)

Numerator: The number of users receiving either a) Direct Payment, b) Part Direct Payment or c) CASSR managed Personal Budget at the year-end 31st March: SALT

Denominator: Carers (caring for someone aged 18 or over) receiving carer-specific services in the year to 31st March: SALT

At the end of Quarter 3 the proportion of carers using social care who receive self-directed support is 87%. In terms of actual numbers this equates to 69 carers receiving self-directed support.

Compared to the most recent data comparable data Darlington is performing better than both the average England (83%) and Statistical Neighbours (85%) figures and is on par with the North East average of

### ASC 050

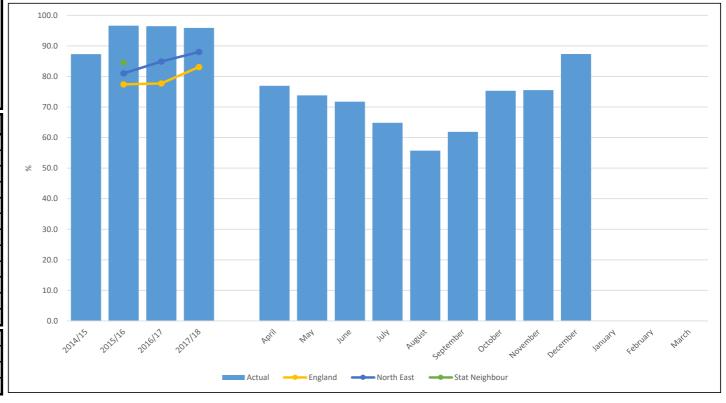
(ASCOF 1C (1b)) Proportion of carers using social care who receive self-directed support

87.3

	Target	98.0
	Apr-18	76.9
щ	May-18	73.8
ANO	Jun-18	71.7
3M/	Jul-18	64.8
FOF	Aug-18	55.7
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Sep-18	61.8
Ŧ	Oct-18	75.3
NOL	Nov-18	75.5
2	Dec-18	87.3
	Jan-19	
	Feb-19	
	Mar-19	
	2015/16	96.6
nnual Trend	2016/17	96.4
Annual Trend	2017/18	95.9

2018/19 YTD

### ASC 050: (ASCOF 1C (1b)) Proportion of carers using social care who receive self-directed support



ASC 002- Older people aged 65+ admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care (per 100,000 of pop)

DEEINITIO

REDUCE THE NEED: ASC 002 (ASCOF 2A-2) - Older people aged 65+ admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care. (Smaller is better)

Numerator: The sum of the number of council-supported permanent admissions of older people (aged 65 and over) to residential and nursing care during the year (excluding transfers between residential and nursing care): SALT

**Denominator:** Size of older people population (aged 65 and over) in area (ONS mid-year population estimates).

Since April the number of 65+ who have been permanently admitted to residential care is 103 (484 per 100,000 population).

The target for ASC 002 is 700 (per 100,000 population) which equates to approximately 146 clients being admitted by the end of the year. To ensure that this target is not surpassed there is a monthly monitoring target of approximately 12 clients or less. Currently the average number of permanent admissions per month is 11, therefore if the current trend continues then the end of year performance for this indicator will come under target.

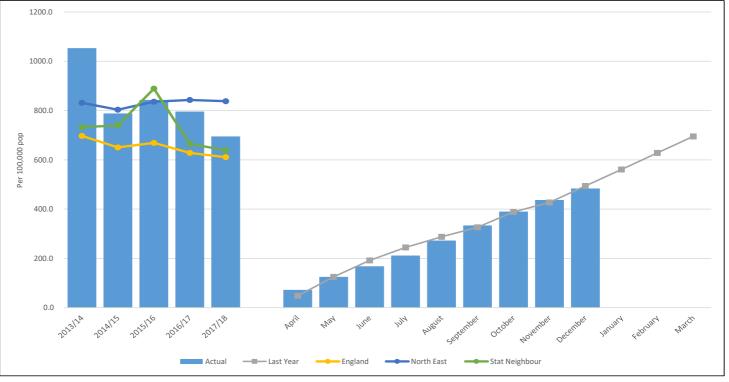
The average age of clients who have been permanently admitted to residential care is 86 years old. This demonstrates that services provided are assisting clients to remain in their own homes for as long as they are able. The figure also shows that the length of time residents are staying in permanent care has reduced.

#### ASC 002

(ASCOF 2A-2) Older people aged 65+ admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care

	Target	700.0
	Apr-18	71.9
щ	May-18	124.7
ANC	Jun-18	167.8
RM,	Jul-18	211.4
교	Aug-18	272.5
PERFORMANCE	Sep-18	333.6
픋	Oct-18	366.5
IN MONTH	Nov-18	437.0
≥ Z	Dec-18	483.9
	Jan-19	
	Feb-19	
	Mar-19	
	2015/16	843.3
Annual Trend	2016/17	795.9
Ann Tre	2017/18	695.2
	2018/19 YTD	483.9

ASC 002: (ASCOF 2A-2) Older people aged 65+ admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care



ASC 002- Older people aged 65+ admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care (per 100,000 of pop)

DEFINITION

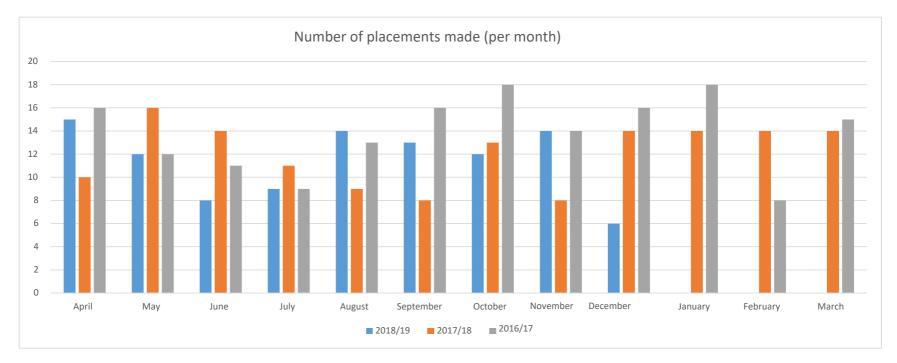
REDUCE THE NEED: ASC 002 (ASCOF 2A-2) — Older people aged 65+ admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care. (Smaller is better)

Numerator: The sum of the number of council-supported permanent admissions of older people (aged 65 and over) to residential and nursing care during the year (excluding transfers between residential and nursing care): SALT

Denominator: Size of older people population (aged 65 and over) in area (ONS mid-year population estimates).

### Breakdown of placements made per month for the past 3 years

	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	Total
2018/19	15	12	8	9	14	13	12	14	6				103
2017/18	10	16	14	11	9	8	13	8	14	14	14	14	145
2016/17	16	12	11	9	13	16	18	14	16	18	8	15	166



ASC 002- Older people aged 65+ admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care (per 100,000 of pop)

**REDUCE THE NEED:** ASC 002 (ASCOF 2A-2) – Older people aged 65+ admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care. (Smaller is better)

**DEFINITION** 

**Numerator:** The sum of the number of council-supported permanent admissions of older people (aged 65 and over) to residential and nursing care during the year (excluding transfers between residential and nursing care): SALT

Denominator: Size of older people population (aged 65 and over) in area (ONS mid-year population estimates).

### Age Breakdown

65-70	71-75	76-80	81-85	86-90	91-95	96-100	100+
<5	13	20	25	25	14	<5	<5

### Breakdown of Service Type for each placement

Service Type			
Permanent Residential Care	88		
Permanent Nursing Care	15		

# Breakdown of Service Element for each placement

Service Element			
OP Residential	65		
EMI Residential	23		
EMI Nursing	8		
OP Nursing	7		

# Breakdown of Long Term Support Reasons

Long Term Support Reason			
Physical Support - Personal Care Support	58		
Support with Memory and Cognition	25		
Mental Health Support	16		
Physical Support - Access Mobility Only	<5		

### ASC 003 - Adults aged 18-64 admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care homes

DEFINITION

REDUCE THE NEED: ASC 003 (ASCOF 2A-1) – Adults aged 18-64 admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care homes (Smaller is better)

Numerator: The sum of the number of council-supported permanent admissions of adults (18-64) to residential and nursing care during the year (excluding transfers between

residential and nursing care): SALT

**Denominator:** Size of population (aged 18-64) in area (ONS mid-year population estimates).

erformance

Since April the number of 18-64 year olds who have been permanently admitted to residential care is <5 (4.8 per 100,000 population).

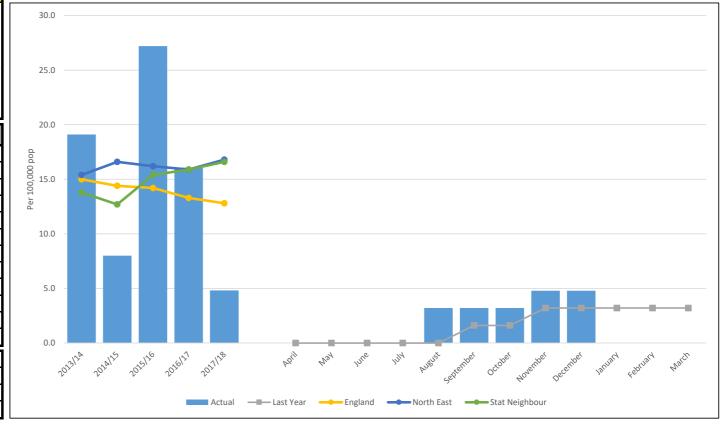
The target for 2018/19 is 10 (per 100,000 pop), this equates to 6 permanent admissions during the year. The cumulative target at the end of Quarter 3 is 4.5 admissions, our actual admissions are 3. This continues to evidence the robust assurance by Team Managers and Validation Forum.

#### ASC 003

(ASCOF 2A-1) Adults aged 18 - 64 admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care homes, per 100,000 population

	Target	10.0		
	Apr-18	0.0		
Ж	May-18	0.0		
ANC	Jun-18	0.0		
RM,	Jul-18	0.0		
FO	Aug-18	3.2		
PERFORMANCE	Sep-18	3.2		
Ē	Oct-18	3.2		
NOL	Nov-18	4.8		
IN MONTH	Dec-18	4.8		
	Jan-19			
	Feb-19			
	Mar-19			
	2015/16	27.2		
nd	2016/17	16.1		
Annual Trend	2017/18	4.8		
	2018/19 YTD	4.8		

ASC 003: (ASCOF 2A-1) Adults aged 18 - 64 admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care homes, per 100,000 population



### SAFEGUARDING

Number of Safeguarding initial enquiries started

DEFINITION

SAFEGUARDING: ASC 208 - Number of Safeguarding initial enquiries started year to date SAFEGUARDING: ASC 209 - Number of Safeguarding initial enquiries started per month

There have been 712 safeguarding initial enquiries started since April 2018. Included in this number are 38 initial enquiries commenced in this year but the concerns were received pre April 2018. This demonstrates a consistency in the number of initial enquires started over the last two years for the same periods.

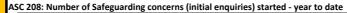
On average there are between 70 and 90 safeguarding concerns started each month. Q3 was slightly lower with 220 started, in comparison to Q1 (233) and Q2 (259).

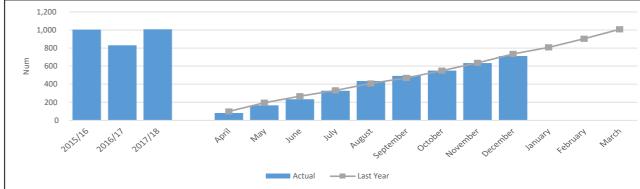
Fortnightly exception reports continue to be ran.

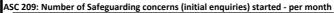
There is no benchmarking data available for this indicator.

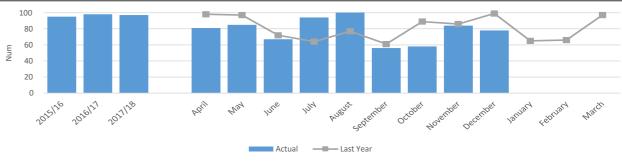
ASC 208	ASC 209
Number of	Number of
Safeguarding	Safeguarding
concerns (initial	concerns (initial
enquiries) started -	enquiries) started -
year to date	per month

		year to date	per month	İ
	Target			ĺ
	Apr-18	81.0	81.0	ı
щ	May-18	166.0	85.0	
ANO	Jun-18	233.0	67.0	ı
ZM/	Jul-18	327.0	94.0	ı
FOF	Aug-18	436.0	109.0	
PER	Sep-18	492.0	56.0	Α
픁	Oct-18	550.0	58.0	
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Nov-18	634.0	84.0	ı
	Dec-18	712.0	78.0	
	Jan-19			ı
	Feb-19			
	Mar-19			İ
	2015/16	1004.0	95.0	ĺ
inal	2016/17	831.0	98.0	l
Annual Trend	2017/18	1008.0	97.0	l
	2018/19 YTD	712.0	78.0	ĺ









### SAFEGUARDING

# ASC 211 - Number of initial enquiries progressed to strategy per month

#### DEFINITION

SAFEGUARDING: ASC 211 - Number of initial enquiries progressed to strategy per month

rmance Analysis

58 of the 220 safeguarding initial enquiries started during Quarter 3 with 14 of the 78 during December 2018 progressed to strategy. That is 26.4% conversion rate for Quarter 3 with 17.9% in December 2018.

Exception reports are now being sent on a fornightly basis to SAM's to highlight any initial enquiries that are incomplete and need progressing to strategy sooner (within 5 working days). The 2017-18 year end conversion rate was 13.7% so both the current Quarter 3 and the 2018-19 YTD performance of 23.0% are better.

There is no target set for this indicator but it is suggested that a 20% conversion rate is the level to aim for performance.

#### ASC 211

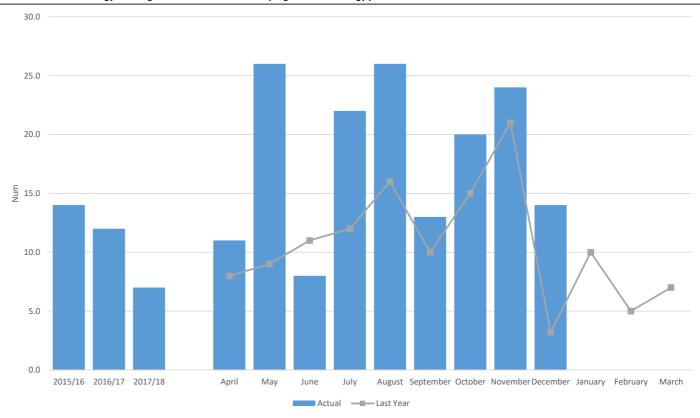
Number of strategy meetings undertaken i.e. concerns progressed to strategy per month

14.0

	Target	•	
	Apr-18	11.0	
щ	May-18	26.0	
NA NA	Jun-18	8.0	
3M/	Jul-18	22.0	
FO	Aug-18	26.0	
IN MONTH PERFORMANCE	Sep-18	13.0	
Ŧ	Oct-18	20.0	
ION	Nov-18	24.0	
_ ≥ _ z	Dec-18	14.0	
=	Jan-19		
	Feb-19		
	Mar-19		
	2015/16	14.0	
nnual rend	2016/17	12.0	
^nnua Trend	2017/18	7.0	

2018/19 YTD

#### ASC 211: Number of strategy meetings undertaken i.e. concerns progressed to strategy per month



# Please note the following indicators have not been included in the Quarter 3 Scrutiny Report:

• ASC 054 - The proportion of people who use Adult Care services who find it easy to find information about services.

The results for this indicator are taken from the Adult's Social Care Survey. Findings will be included in the Q4 Scrutiny Report.

• ASC 055 - The proportion of people who are carers who find it easy to find information about services.

The results for this indicator are taken from the Carer's Survey. This is carried out biennial therefore no data will be collected until next year.